PARK SCHOOL - EXCLUSION POLICY

1. AIMS AND BACKGROUND

- 1.1 It is a primary aim of our school that every member of the school community feels respected, valued and trusted. We are a caring community, whose values are built on mutual trust and respect between all its members. A separate document called "The Park School Rules", provides a summary of the type of community that we wish our School to be, and sets out our expectations of pupils and of parents in support of these aims. This is available from the School Office.
- 1.2 When we have concerns about a pupil's behaviour, we will try to identify whether there are any causal factors and intervene early in order to reduce the need for a subsequent suspension or exclusion. In this situation, we will consider whether a multi-agency assessment that goes beyond the pupil's educational needs is required.

2. TYPES OF SCHOOL SUSPENSIONS AND EXCLUSIONS

- 2.1 Suspension (fixed-term exclusion): These are short-term exclusions and pupils must be given a date for return to school. A return date should be given to parents in the letter informing them of the exclusion.
- 2.2 Lunch Time Suspensions: Pupils whose behaviour is disruptive at lunchtime and are excluded internally for the lunchtime session count as a fixed period exclusion of ½ day. A return date should be given to parents in the letter informing them of the lunchtime exclusion period.
- 2.3 Permanent Exclusions: Permanent exclusion is the most serious sanction a school can give if a child does something that is against the school's behaviour policy. It means that the child is no longer allowed to attend the school pending the outcome of the exclusion process. Permanent exclusion should only be used as a last resort.

3. SUSPENSION (FIXED-TERM) AND PERMANENT EXCLUSIONS

- 3.1 Good discipline in schools is essential to ensure that all pupils can benefit from the opportunities provided by education. Suspension or Exclusion will only be used as a last resort, in response to
 - 3.1.1 a serious breach or persistent breaches of the school's behaviour policy.
 - 3.1.2 circumstances where allowing the pupil to remain in school would seriously harm the education or welfare of the pupil or others in the school.
- 3.2 The Headteacher has the power to exclude a pupil from school. The Headteacher may exclude a pupil for one or more fixed periods, for up to 45 days in any one school year. The Headteacher may also exclude a pupil permanently. It is also possible for the Headteacher to convert a fixed-term exclusion into a permanent exclusion, if the circumstances warrant this.
- 3.3 If the Headteacher excludes a pupil, we will inform the parents/guardians immediately, giving reasons for the exclusion. At the same time, the Headteacher makes it clear to the parents/guardians that they can, if they wish, may request a review of the decision in accordance with the School's Complaints Procedure and Terms and Conditions, which includes consideration by the School Board of Governance (Forfar Education).
- 3.4 Any decision to suspend or exclude a pupil will be lawful, reasonable, fair and proportionate, and applied consistently.
- 3.5 Where appropriate, the school will make reasonable arrangements to support a pupil's continued education during a fixed-term suspension.

4. SAFEGUARDING AND WELFARE

4.1 When considering the behaviour of a child, we consider whether the behaviour gives cause to suspect that a child is suffering, or is likely to suffer, significant harm. Where this may be the case, staff should follow the School's Safeguarding and Child Protection Policy and Procedure, including Allegations against Adults. Staff also consider whether continuing disruptive behaviour might be the result of unmet educational or other needs, in which case we consider whether a multi-agency assessment is necessary. When making decisions about suspension or exclusion, the school has due regard to its duties under the Equality Act 2010 and considers whether a pupil has Special Educational Needs and/or Disabilities (SEND) or other vulnerabilities, and whether reasonable adjustments have been made.

5. MONITORING

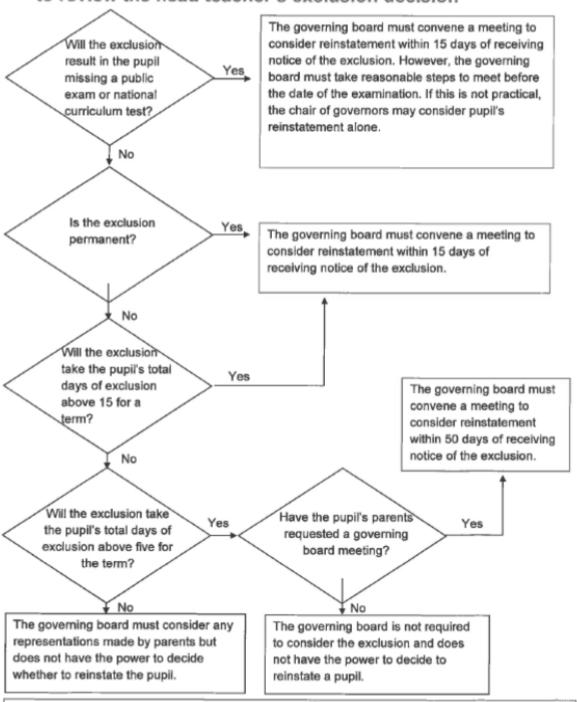
- 5.1 The Headteacher will monitor the effectiveness of this policy on a regular basis. They also report to the School Governance Board on the effectiveness of the policy and, if necessary, makes recommendations for further improvements.
- 5.2 The school keeps a variety of records of incidents of misbehaviour which allows the Headteacher and other staff to monitor the impact and effectiveness of this policy and to identify patterns of misbehaviour. A log of serious disciplinary issues is recorded. The class teacher records minor classroom incidents. We keep a record of any incidents that occur at break or lunchtimes on the Well Being Manager in ISAMS. Behaviour IEP's (Individual Educational Programme) may be used to support the school's work (if deemed necessary).
- 5.3 It is the responsibility of the School Board to monitor the rate of suspensions and exclusions, and to ensure that the school policy is administered fairly and consistently.

6. REVIEW

This policy is reviewed by the Headteacher and the School Governance Board on an annual basis. The Board may, however, review the policy earlier than this, if the government introduces new regulations, or if the Board receives recommendations on how the policy might be improved. Whenever significant changes are made to this policy, these changes are communicated to staff, pupils and parents/guardians as is appropriate.

Appendix A:

Annex A – A summary of the governing board's duties to review the head teacher's exclusion decision



The governing board may delegate its functions to consider an exclusion to a designated committee. References to days mean 'school days'.

Appendix B:

Annex B – A non-statutory guide for head teachers

Exclusion process for head teachers, academy principals and teachers in charge of pupil referral units

This non-statutory document should be read alongside the statutory guidance. This document is meant to help schools through the process and ensure that they have sufficient procedures in place.

Glossary

The term 'must' refers to what head teachers/governing boards/academy trusts/local authorities and parents are required to do by law. The term 'should' refers to recommendations for good practice as mentioned in the exclusions guidance.

In this document and in the exclusion guidance, 'parents' refers to parent(s)/legal guardian(s)/foster carer(s) of pupils under 18, as well as to pupils over 18, and the term 'governing board' includes the governing body of a maintained school, management committee of a PRU and the academy trust of an academy.

Early Intervention

You³⁹ must establish a behaviour policy and should have processes for identifying and supporting pupils' additional needs.

Things to consider

- Does the school behaviour policy clearly set out behaviour expectations and sanctions and reflect the requirements of the Equality Act 2010?
- Are governors/staff (including sixth form staff in school sixth forms) clear about their roles and when to escalate issues/involve parents?
- Is the behaviour policy understood by pupils and parents?
- Are sanctions monitored to identify any inconsistency or potential discrimination (e.g. Special Educational Needs and Disability (SEND) or ethnicity)?
- Are systems in place to identify pupils showing persistent poor behaviour and if there are any underlying causes?

Further sources of information

Departmental advice on setting the behaviour policy https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/behaviour-and-discipline-in-schools

You <u>should</u> have a system in place to ensure you are aware of any pupil showing persistent poor behaviour or not responding to low level sanctions.

Things to consider

- Are underlying factors (for example SEND, family issues or bullying) or specific triggers (for example the time of day or specific lessons) affecting behaviour? Are staff working with the pupil aware of any behavioural trigger points, relevant issues and the ways in which they should be managed?
- Are staff aware of mechanisms for escalation and referral routes to access external support?
- Have I ensured that this pupil's parents are aware of their behaviour issues?
- Should I request an special educational needs (SEN) assessment, a multi-agency assessment or external support (e.g. counsellors or alternative provision)?
- Did I consider if the pupil was a looked after child? (e.g. did I engage with foster carers or children's home workers, the local authority that looks after the child and the local authority's virtual school head?)
- Is the use and effectiveness of any support and sanctions properly recorded and regularly reviewed?

Further sources of information

Guidance on the use of alternative provision https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/alternative-provision

You should have a clear process in place for exclusion.

Things to consider

Are there clear processes and templates in place to:

- monitor the 45 day exclusion rule, including exclusions received from other schools?
- manage serious behavioural incidents when I am not available?
- avoid wherever possible the permanent exclusion of those with Education, Health and Care plans or Statements of SEN and looked after children.
- inform the parents, governing board and local authority (depending on length of exclusion), clearly setting out all reasons for the exclusion?
- · give up-to-date links to sources of impartial advice for parents?
- reintegrate excluded pupils after a fixed period exclusion and support pupils' future behaviour?
- arrange, at short notice, suitable full-time alternative education for pupils receiving exclusions over five days?

Further sources of information

Information on school discipline and exclusions issued by the Department for Education https://www.gov.uk/school-discipline-exclusions/exclusions

Taking the decision

You <u>must</u> take the decision whether to exclude (you cannot delegate this).

Things to consider

- · Have I investigated specific incidents with all parties in a sensitive and fair way?
- Did I consider factors that could have contributed to the pupil's behaviour (e.g. SEND or bereavement) and have I taken these factors sufficiently into account?
- Is exclusion the most appropriate and reasonable sanction, and consistent with the school's behaviour policy?
- Are all the exclusion reasons clearly recorded, including the impact on others? Are they robust?
- Is relevant evidence properly recorded/retained/documented? (e.g. summaries of interviews, past behaviour, sanctions and support provided.)

You must inform parents of the exclusion.

Things to consider

- Has the school spoken to the parents to ensure they fully understand the type/scale of the incident?
- Have I provided sufficient details in the exclusion notice letter on the reasons for the exclusion?
- Does the notice contain all the required information as set out in section 4 of the statutory exclusion guidance?
- Have I informed parents whether their child will be able to sit any national curriculum test(s) or public examination(s) occurring during the exclusion?
- When several fixed-period exclusions have been issued in a term, have I informed parents of their right of representation to the governing board?

Further sources of information

Letter templates might be available from the local authority.

If the exclusion is permanent or takes the pupil's total school days of exclusion over five in a term or prevents them from taking a public examination or national curriculum test, you <u>must</u> inform the

You should ask the governing board whether it has a clear process in place for considering reinstatement following an exclusion.

Things to consider

- Do governors have an understanding of the exclusion process to enable a review within deadlines?
- Would governors benefit from additional training, including on the Equality Act 2010?
- Is there a clear and timely system in place to enable parents to make representations?

governing board and local authority of the duration of the exclusion, or that it is permanent, and the reasons for it.

Things to consider

- Have I informed the governing board about whether they must consider reinstatement and, if so, to what timescale?
- Have I made clear to the governing board whether the need to consider reinstatement is dependent on receiving parental representations?
- If a permanently excluded pupil lives in a different local authority area, has that authority been informed?

You should ask the chair of the governing board whether there are clear processes in place to comply with its legal duty to arrange suitable full-time educational provision for pupils of compulsory school age from the sixth consecutive school day of fixed-period exclusion.

Things to consider

- Is there a process in place for the governing board to assure itself that the education provided is suitable and full-time?
- Has the provision been quality assured and have previous placements been evaluated?
- Is the education supervised? (Pupils doing unsupervised school work at home is not acceptable.)
- Is there a process in place to monitor the pupil's attendance and behaviour at the provision?
- · Is the correct attendance code being used?

Further sources of information

Alternative provision guidance https://www.gov.uk/government/gublications/alternativeprovision

School attendance guidance https://www.gov.uk/government/Publications/school-attendance

Governing board consideration of an exclusion decision

You should ask the chair of the governing board whether there are clear processes in place for considering exclusions.

Things to consider

- Am I confident that the parents are aware of their right to a consideration by the governing board?
- · Has the governing board been appropriately involved?
- Has the governing board taken steps to find a convenient date that the parent, the local authority representative (if relevant) and I can attend, within the legal time limits?
- Where practicable, has the governing board given thought as to how to involve the pupil in the consideration process?
- Have all the relevant documents been collected, anonymised if required, and provided to all parties?

Where applicable, the governing board <u>must</u> consider whether the pupil should be reinstated and inform parents of the outcome of its consideration.

Things to consider

- Have I presented all of the details of the case and the full rationale for the exclusion?
- · Does the governing board have all of the relevant information that I have?

Independent review panel

The local authority or academy trust <u>must</u> arrange an independent review panel if requested by the parents within the time limit.

Things to consider

 Do I need to make written representations and/or attend the meeting to make oral representations?

When applicable, the governing board <u>must</u> reconsider the exclusion within ten school days of being given notice of the independent review panel decision.

Things to consider

Is the governing board aware of any order made by the independent review panel
following a direction (not a recommendation) to reconsider, and if this has been
made, that unless within 10 school days of receiving notice of the panel's decision,
the governing board decides to reinstate the pupil, the school will pay £4,000 to
the local authority within 28 days?

The governing board <u>must</u> inform the head teacher, parents and local authority of its reconsideration decision.

Things to consider

- · If the pupil is reinstated, how should I ensure the pupil's effective reintegration?
- If relevant, is the governing board aware that it must place a note on the pupil's record?

Post-exclusion action

When removing a pupil from the school roll, you should remind the governing board that they must ensure this is done under the circumstances prescribed by the Education (Pupil Registration) (England) Regulations 2006, as amended.

If applicable, you should check that the pupil's name has been removed from the school roll at the appropriate time.

Things to consider

Have I ensured that the common transfer file is transferred within 15 school days
of the pupil ceasing to be registered at the school?

Further sources of information

Attendance Guidance and Education (Pupil Registration) (England) Regulations 2006 as amended https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/school-attendance

School to School service; how to transfer information https://www.gov.uk/quidance/school-to-school-service-how-to-transfer-information

Special educational needs and disability code of practice: 0-25 years https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/398815/SE ND_Code_of_Practice_January_2015.pdf

Children Missing Education statutory guidance https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/children-missing-educational